

What is claimed is:

1. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient.
2. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of external administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient.
3. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of perorally or parenterally administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient.
4. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C.
5. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer, cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.
6. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of external administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C.
7. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of perorally or parenterally administrating a composition containing benzyl

alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C.

8. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of external administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer, cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.

9. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of perorally or parenterally administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer, cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.

10. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer, cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.

11. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of external administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer,

cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.

12. A method for treating a tumor comprising the step of perorally or parenterally administrating a composition containing benzyl alcohol as the active ingredient in combination with heparin and/or vitamin C, wherein a tumor associated with said composition is breast cancer, large bowel cancer, thyroid gland cancer, colon cancer, cecum cancer, cervical cancer, malignant melanoma, pancreas cancer, or stomach cancer.

13. A method for treating a tumor according to any of Claim 1 to 12, wherein said benzyl alcohol is administrated at a dose necessary and sufficient to cause a tumor cell to fall in necrosis.

14. A method for treating a tumor according to any of Claim 1 to 12, wherein said benzyl alcohol is administrated at a dose necessary and sufficient to cause a tumor cell to fall in necrosis, said dose being determined as an amount necessary and sufficient by using separation of a tumor cell from a normal cell as a marker.

15. A method for treating a tumor according to any of Claim 1 to 12, wherein said benzyl alcohol is administrated at a dose necessary and sufficient to cause a tumor cell to fall in necrosis, said dose being 1mg-50mg/tumor volume (cm^3).

16. A method for treating a tumor according to any of Claim 1 to 12, wherein said benzyl alcohol is administrated at a dose

of 1mg-50mg/tumor volume (cm³) as an amount necessary and sufficient to cause a tumor cell to fall in necrosis, said dose being determined as an amount necessary and sufficient by using separation of a tumor cell from a normal cell as a marker.

17. A method for treating a tumor according to any of Claim 1 to 12, wherein said administration is carried out by using an aqueous 0.1-5% benzyl alcohol solution.